HIV TESTING MODIFICATIONS
2022 GENERAL SESSION
STATE OF UTAH
Chief Sponsor: Marsha Judkins
Senate Sponsor: Keith Grover
LONG TITLE
General Description:
This bill creates a procedure for HIV testing of an alleged sexual offender if the alleged
sexual offender refuses testing.
Highlighted Provisions:
This bill:
 provides a process to obtain a court order if an alleged sexual offender refuses an
HIV test at the request of an alleged victim.
Money Appropriated in this Bill:
None
Other Special Clauses:
None
Utah Code Sections Affected:
AMENDS:
76-5-502, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 58
Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
Section 1. Section 76-5-502 is amended to read:
76-5-502. Request for testing Mandatory testing Liability for costs.
(1) (a) An alleged victim of [the] \underline{a} sexual offense, the parent or guardian of an alleged
victim who is a minor, or the guardian of an alleged victim who is a vulnerable adult as defined



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in Section 62A-3-301 may request that the alleged sexual offender against whom [the] an indictment, information, or petition is filed or regarding whom the arrest has been made be tested to determine whether the alleged offender is an HIV positive individual.

- (b) If the alleged victim under Subsection (1)(a) has requested that the alleged offender be tested, the alleged offender shall submit to being tested not later than 48 hours after [an] the request is conveyed to the alleged offender under Subsection (2), the information or indictment is filed, or an order or warrant requiring a test is signed, whichever is earlier.
- [(c) If the alleged victim under Subsection (1)(a) requests that the alleged offender be tested more than 48 hours after an information or indictment is filed, the offender shall submit to being tested not later than 24 hours after the request is made.]
- (2) A request for testing under Subsection (1) may be made by the alleged victim, or by another individual on behalf of the alleged victim, by written communication to a prosecuting attorney, victim advocate, or other law enforcement officer involved in the investigation, information, or indictment. The recipient of the request, within one business day after receipt, shall convey the request to the alleged offender's counsel of record, if the offender is represented by counsel, or to the alleged offender, if the alleged offender is not represented by counsel.
- (3) (a) If the alleged offender refuses to be tested after a request by the alleged victim under Subsection (1):
- (i) the alleged victim, another individual on behalf of the alleged victim, or the prosecuting attorney may petition the district court for an order requiring the alleged offender to submit to testing to determine whether the alleged offender is an HIV positive individual; or
- (ii) a law enforcement agency involved in the investigation, information, or indictment may submit on behalf of the victim, by electronic or other means, an ex parte request for a warrant ordering testing to determine whether the alleged offender is an HIV positive individual.
- (b) If a petition is filed under Subsection (3)(a)(i), the petitioning individual shall cause the petition to be served on the alleged offender.
- (c) The court may decide the petition on motion or, if the court determines material facts are in dispute, schedule a hearing.
 - (d) If the court finds that the alleged offender refused to consent to the testing or was

39	unable to consent, the court shall issue an order of warrant requiring the aneged offender to
60	submit to testing within 48 hours to determine whether the alleged offender is an HIV positive
61	individual, and that reasonable force may be used to obtain the sample, if necessary.
62	(e) If the court schedules a hearing, the court shall:
63	(i) set a time for the hearing within 10 days after the petition is filed;
64	(ii) give the petitioner and the alleged offender notice of the hearing at least 48 hours
65	prior to the hearing;
66	(iii) notify the alleged offender that the alleged offender may have an attorney present
67	at the hearing; and
68	(iv) conduct the hearing in camera.
69	(f) The court may not require the alleged victim to attend the hearing in person absent
70	good cause.
71	(4) A sample drawn in accordance with an order or warrant issued under this section
72	shall be sent for testing to:
73	(a) the Department of Health;
74	(b) the local health authority; or
75	(c) a qualified medical laboratory.
76	$[\frac{d}{d}]$ (5) As soon as practicable, the results of $[\frac{d}{d}]$ a test conducted pursuant to this
77	section shall be provided by the testing entity to the prosecuting attorney, who shall, within one
78	business day after receipt, convey the results of the test to:
79	[(i)] (a) the alleged victim who requested the test;
80	[(ii)] (b) the parent or guardian of the alleged victim, if the alleged victim is a minor;
81	[(iii)] (c) the legal guardian of the alleged victim if the victim is a vulnerable adult as
82	defined in Section 62A-3-301;
83	[(iv)] (d) the alleged offender; and
84	[(v)] (e) the parent or legal guardian of the alleged offender, if the alleged offender is a
85	minor.
86	[(e)] (6) If follow-up testing is medically indicated, the results of follow-up testing of
87	the alleged offender shall be sent as soon as practicable to the prosecuting attorney, who shall,
88	within one business day after receipt, convey the results of the test to:
89	[(i)] (a) the alleged victim;

90	[(ii)] (b) the parent or guardian of the alleged victim if the alleged victim is [younger
91	than 18 years of age] a minor;
92	[(iii)] (c) the legal guardian of the alleged victim, if the victim is a vulnerable adult as
93	defined in Section 62A-3-301;
94	[(iv)] (d) the alleged offender; and
95	[(v)] (e) the parent or legal guardian of the alleged offender, if the alleged offender is a
96	minor.
97	[(2)] (7) If the [mandatory test has not been conducted, and the] alleged offender [or
98	alleged minor offender is already] is confined in a county jail, state prison, or a secure youth
99	corrections facility, the alleged offender shall be tested while in confinement.
100	[(3)] (8) (a) The secure youth corrections facility, state prison, or county jail shall cause
101	the [blood specimen] sample of the alleged offender under Subsection (1) confined in that
102	facility to be taken, either by the facility's medical personnel or by a qualified third party, and
103	shall forward the [specimen] sample to:
104	(i) the Department of Health; [or]
105	[(ii) an alternate testing facility, as determined by the secure youth corrections facility
106	or county jail, if testing under Subsection (3)(a)(i) is unavailable.]
107	(ii) the local health authority; or
108	(iii) a qualified medical laboratory.
109	(b) The <u>testing</u> entity that receives the [specimen] sample under Subsection [(3)(a)] (4)
110	shall provide the result to the [prosecutor] prosecuting attorney as soon as practicable for
111	release to the parties as described in Subsection $[(1)(d) \text{ or } (e)] (5) \text{ or } (6)$.
112	[(4) The Department of Corrections shall cause the blood specimen of the alleged
113	offender defined in Subsection (1) confined in any state prison to be taken and shall forward
114	the specimen to the Department of Health as provided in Section 64-13-36.]
115	[(5)] (9) The alleged offender who is tested is responsible upon conviction for the costs
116	of testing and any legal proceedings necessary to obtain an order or warrant authorizing the
117	testing, unless the alleged offender is indigent. [The] If the alleged offender is indigent, the
118	costs $\hat{H} \rightarrow \underline{\text{of testing}} \leftarrow \hat{H}$ will [then] be paid by the Department of Health from the General Fund.

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